NUMB. 1016

The Daily Gazetteer.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5. 1738.

No 1024.

AS the preſent Situation of Affairs is, in the Opinion of all the Parties ſubſiſting among us, extremely critical, we ought not to wonder that each Party ſhews a ſtrong Anxiety, and a more than ordinary Watchfulneſs and Attention, in order to improve the Turn Publick Affairs ſhortly take, to their particular Advantage. Leſs ought we to be amazed at the preſent Stir and Rage of the Malecontents: Their Patience, after ſeven Years waiting, is quite worn out; and if the Power of the Adminiſtration ſhould weather this Storm, and preſerve the Nation ſtill in Peace, Plenty, and Freedom, they muſt e'en break their Hearts, or learn to live like other Folks, by minding their own Buſineſs: A dreadful Misfortune, indeed! Alas, by that Time, perhaps, may have no Buſineſs of their own to mind. For, as a late Author obſerves, That ſome of his Brother Malcontents were forced to crib his Title-page for a Support, and could not live before they ſtole; we muſt naturally ſuppoſe, that Thieving is a bad Trade; and that, if Times ſhould not hold on as they have done for theſe dozen Years paſt, the good old Cauſe of Miniſter-Hunting will be worth following.

But Premiſes conſidered, it will be no difficult Matter to account for the Vehemence diſcernable in the *Common-Senſes*; the Violence apparent in their *Diſmes*, for ſome Weeks paſt; and the Bitterneſs and Diſtraction ſo diſtinguiſhable in the Fourth *Occaſional Writer*. Heretofore theſe Gentlemen were only charged with ſuggeſting once a Week, that all Power was the Tyrants, all Prime Miniſters Publick Enemies, and that all Kinds of Obedience were but ſo many Modes of Slavery: Once a Month, or oftener, they invented ſome pretty Falſhood, to raiſe a Houſe Laugh, and to give the poor Gazetteers the Trouble of refuting it. Indeed, towards the Approach of Parliament, they generally grew a little more ſerious, that, as the Town filled with Company, the Nation might not be abſolutely void of Political Entertainment. One breathed Sedition, by tacking together Verſes; another diſturbed the Publick with Dreams; a third forged a Hague Letter; a fourth publiſhed a falſe Prophet; and a fifth compiled a Political Syſtem. At preſent the Faction, without Rhime or Reaſon, fancy, that a War would do their Buſineſs: And therefore, a War! a bloody War! they muſt have, right or wrong: And this they are ſo reſolved on, that to carry it, they are willing to ſacrifice all other Points, even their darling one, The Liberty of the Preſs. For they can bear no Contradiction. This appears plainly from the late Behaviour of their Chiefs: They treat the Miniſter with worſe Language than ever was uſed at Billingſgate; they treat all the Meaſures his Majeſty takes moſt ſlavishly as if they were his *Equals*; and they act in Publick Affairs, as if they had been legally choſen *Tribunes* of the *People*. Yet, if a Man ventures to diſagree with them, they won't condeſcend to anſwer him; neither will they be content with laughing at him, but they will have his Mouth ſtopped: But, by whom? Why, by the Government of courſe. Let that Government touch the Printer of the *Craftſman*; and our Liberty is in Danger! Let the Government permit a Man to ſpeak his Sentiments freely on their Conduct! And what then? Why then, truly, the Publick is in Danger. Can there be a plainer Demonſtration, that while theſe Men talk of Liberty and the Publick, they have nothing at Heart but themſelves and their own Conſequence?

This being then the Caſe, and ſo plainly the Caſe that a Man muſt want common Senſe indeed, who does not perceive it: Can the Publick doubt, why the preſent Outcry is raiſed and kept up merely to ſerve the Purpoſes of this Faction, under Colour of ſaving thoſe of the Nation? If the Subject on which they declaim with ſo much Violence, were in the leaſt eaſy to be underſtood, ſo very apparent, and ſtrongly in their Favour: Would not this Conduct appear to be quite irrational and prepoſterous? When the Populace at *Athens* were for taking a Fact for granted on the firſt Report, and for taking the warmeſt Reſolution thereupon, *Demoſthenes* interpoſed this Queſtion; Gentlemen, if the thing be ſo to Day, will it not be ſo To morrow and the next Day? One may ſay the ſame thing now; If what theſe Gentlemen deſire, be as reaſonable, fit and juſt, as they would have us believe; will it be leſs ſo for being examined? Or, on the other hand, If his Majeſty's Conduct; if the Meaſures of his Adminiſtration; if the Proceedings of Parliament, are all liable, not only to be canvaſſed over again, but even to be treated ludicrouſly in the publick Papers of the Party; How comes their Notions all of a ſudden to be ſo ſacred? Or who, for *God's Sake*, are theſe high and mighty Perſons that are above all Contradiction? If an immediate War with the *Spaniards*, at all Events, were for the publick Service, he muſt be a poor Creature indeed, who would oppoſe it. But if the preſent Clamour be ſet on foot to ſerve the Ends of a pernicious Party at the Expence of the Publick, he muſt be a mean Creature indeed, who would either hold his Tongue, or lay down his Pen on account of their open Inſults or their private Menaces. For my Part, I deſpiſe the former, and have not the leaſt Dread from the latter. On the contrary, I am extremely well pleaſed to ſee, that theſe Patrons of Liberty can throw off the Maſque to perſecute a Perſon they don't like; and can be weak enough to claim a Right of oppoſing the Government without Oppoſition. By this Means their Behaviour gives the Lye to their Pretences, and their Paſſions agitate them ſo ſtrongly, that the Cloak of Hypocriſy falls from their Shoulders. What could *Freeman* deſire more?

THE *Occaſional Writer* is, in the Language of the Party, an excellent and unanſwerable Piece, writ entirely in a new Way, and executed as well as conceived, with all imaginable Force and Beauty. But to ſuch a Blockhead as I am, the *Occaſional Writer* ſeems to be neither better nor worſe than a Political Farce, written purely for the ſake of ſaying over again, Things that have been more than once repeated in the *Craftſman* and *Common Senſe*, and is rather calculated to divert than to inſtruct, to make the Friends of the Author ſmile, and the ſplenetick People on the other Side angry. The Author himſelf acknowledges, that the Characters of *Virginius* and *Curio* are ſtrain'd, otherwiſe there had been no need of his Moderator *Plumby*, who ſeems to be an honeſt, well-meaning, impartial Perſon, if you do not talk of the Miniſter. For then, as the Poet has it,

His Eye Balls *roll, and he grows* Mad *again.*

ONE ſees by this, how hard a Thing it is for a Malecontent to draw a moderate Character. Malice and Ambition are troubleſome Inhabitants in the Boſom of an Author, and will often force him to forget himſelf when he plays the *Patriot*, and to talk quite out of *Character*, to the great Grief of his Friends, tho' they may not be ſincere enough to tell him ſo, as well as to the Sport of his Enemies, who cannot help laughing, when the wou'd-be *Cicero* betrays the *Catiline*.

I know many People, that wonder how this whimſical Manner of Writing came into its Author's Head. To me it furniſhes no Matter of Wonder at all. The thing is a ſort of *Theatrical Buſineſs*, and I am apt to think this City Converſation took Birth from his keeping much Company with a *Poet*. The Man's Head was quite full of Places, Politicks, Changes, Chances, and Revolutions; his Wits were in a flutter; he was reſolved to write ſomething, ſo the *Matter* was his own, the *Manner* his Friends; and hence it comes to paſs, that the *fourth Occaſional Writer* is ſuch a *Hotch-potch* of *Jeſt* and *Earneſt*, a kind of *Poetical* as well as *Political Olio*, kindly deſigned for the Entertainment of the Citizens; but I am much miſtaken, if it is not a little over-ſeaſon'd for their Palates. That however is no great Matter, the *Form* of *inviting* them, will juſtify the Party in ſwearing they were their *Gueſts*, which was all they had in View.

THIS ingenious Author of this humorous Piece, is exactly of the ſame Mind with the *Craftſman*. That is, he cannot bear the Thoughts of being anſwer'd; to avoid which, he is ſo good natur'd, as to promiſe that he will anſwer *himſelf*. This, no doubt, will be cry'd up as a Thought wonderfully *new* and *ſurprizing*, tho' it is evidently borrowed from the Author of a *Tale of a Tub*, who enter'd his Caveat againſt all Writers of *Second Parts*. I ſhall not be in very great Haſte; but if the *fifth Occaſional Writer*, by way of Criticiſm upon the *Fourth*, does not come out ſoon, I believe I ſhall venture to offer my Thoughts to the Publick upon that celebrated Performance. And if I do, I ſhall keep ſtrictly to the Piece itſelf, and not wander into any perſonal Altercations, whatever Provocations I may receive from the *Author* of that *Piece*, or any of his *Journeymen*.

R. FREEMAN.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Leghorn, Sept. 29. On the 19th arrived the Good Samaritan, Lovell, from Amſterdam. On the 20th the Patience, Morecock, from Tunis. On the 24th the Sarah, Dennis, from Exon; the John and Anne, Fowler, from Hull and Genoa. Sailed the Succeſs, Bread, for Genoa.

Cadiz, Sept. 23, *N.S.* On the 16th arrived the Three Friends, Onſlow, from Venice; the Catherine, Moriarty, and the Margaret, Kelly, from Waterford. On the 16th ſailed the Marblehead Packet, Cawley, for New England. On the 18th the Richard and Althea, Bulſon, for Malaga. On the 21ſt the Mary, Anderſon, for Malaga; the Swift, Sinnott, for Dublin; and the St. Monica, Lynch, for the North.

HOME PORTS.

Leith, Sept. 25. Arrived the Dailyhope, John Falconer, from Bremen; and the ——, Evan Raſmuſon, from Arundel.

Hull, Oct. 2. Arrived the Good Intent, Burton, and the Bleſſing, Lee, both from Narva.

Falmouth, Sept. 30. Wind E. Since my laſt came in the Robert and Mary, Vomery, from Leghorn for Hamburgh; the Duck, Drake, from London for Orders; the Devonſhire, Pyke, from Topſham, to take in Fiſh for the Streights. Remain the Expedition and Prince Frederick Packets, both for Lisbon.

Plymouth, Sept. 30. This Day ſailed the Carolina, Gill, for New York.

Dartmouth, Oct. 1. Wind E. blows very hard. Yeſterday came in the St. Joſeph, Martin, from the River Sella in Spain for Amſterdam; the St. Iago, French, of and for London from Cape de Verd; the Betty-Anne, Oliver, of and from Cork for Rouen. And this Day the Bonetta Sloop of War, Young, from Portſmouth; the Society of Biddeford, Berrill, from Milford; the Three Friends, Buſteed, of and from Cork for Rotterdam; and the Portugal Merchant, Roſe, of and from Cheſter for London.

Pool, Oct. 2. Since my laſt came in the Norway Lyon, Davis, from Chriſtianſand in Norway.

Portſmouth, Oct. 3. Arrived the Charming Peggy, Hooper, from Stockholm.

Deal, Oct. 3. Wind S. W. Remains in the Downs the Cheſter Man of War. Arrived the John and Mary, Sanders, from Briſtol. Juſt arrived from Petersburgh the India Merchant, Barlow, for Leghorn.

Gravesend, Oct. 3. Paſſed by the Farnley, Ducket, from Lisbon; the Johannes, Beckman, and the Golden Hart, Mellick, from Hamburgh.

Gravesend, Oct. 4. Paſſed by the Hannah, Pearſon, from Narva.

Arrived at ſeveral Ports.

The Britannia, Davidſon, from Portobello, at Jamaica.

The Samuel, Glegg, from London, at Petersburg.

LONDON.

Yeſterday arrived a Mail from France, with the Paris A-la-main dated on Saturday laſt, containing the following extraordinary Advices from Germany, which, however, by the Author's own Confeſſion, require Confirmation.

'We hear, by ſeveral Letters from Germany, that 'the Grand Vizier, advancing to Belgrade with

'60,000 Men, had forced the Lines of the Imperialists, by entring them Sword in Hand, and killed 'and wounded above 8000 of their Men; the reſt, 'to the Number of above 12,000, having taken Shelter in Belgrade; where there are now above '16,000 Men: That three of the Emperor's General 'Officers were killed on the Spot; and the Count de 'Konigſeg mortally wounded: That Prince Charles 'of Lorain continues in Belgrade; and that, by 'reaſon of the great Number of Troops which are at 'preſent in that Place, the Turks propoſe to reduce 'it by ſtarving them; and that for that Purpoſe the 'Grand Vizier has cauſed the Blockade to be reinforced by another Body of 60,000 Men.

The Writer of this Letter ſays, 'Tis confirmed that Baron Theodore is landed in the Iſle of Corſica, with 24 Pieces of Cannon, 9000 Muskets, a great Number of Bullets, and a vaſt Quantity of Gunpowder.

The Cardinal de Fleury, who is ſtill a Valetudinarian, ſet out yeſterday ſe'nnight from Fontainbleau, in order to lie at Draves near Corbeil; from whence he ſet out next Day for Iſſy.

The Thomas and Deborah, Odling, belonging to Hull, was lately loſt in the Sound.

Yeſterday Morning his Majeſty, the Duke, and the Princeſſes Amelia and Caroline, went from Kenſington to Richmond Park, and took the Diverſion of hunting a Hind, which afforded a pleaſant Chace. About 2 o'Clock his Majeſty returned to Kenſington. The Right Hon. Sir Robert Walpole, and divers other Perſons of Diſtinction, attended his Majeſty.

This Day a Board of Treaſury will be held at the Cockpit, Whitehall.

Yeſterday began the General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace for the City and Liberty of Weſtminſter, when John Milner, Eſq; ſate as Chairman, in the Abſence of Nathaniel Blackerby, Eſq; and gave an excellent Charge to the Grand Inqueſt.

At the ſaid Seſſions Roger Millward, Eſq; took the Oaths to qualify himſelf for one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the City and Liberty of Weſtminſter.

As did alſo George Shellworth, George Brody, Thomas Enis, and Henry Folks, Gentlemen, to qualify themſelves for their reſpective Employments under the Government.

On Tueſday Night laſt, about 11 o'Clock, a Woman, who was late Cook to Juſtice Trent, croſſing the Way from the Queen's Head in Maſham-ſtreet, Weſtminſter, was attacked by a Street Robber, who took from off her Head a Black Hood and Headcloths, and 'tis thought would have ſtrip'd her, if Mrs Ecott, at the Queen's Head, had not come out. 'Tis remarkable, that this was done within three Yards of the Watchman, who was ſitting in his Box and never offered to ſtir.

On Friday laſt Mr Alderman Yorke was (with the uſual Solemnity) ſworn Mayor of Cambridge for the Year enſuing, to the great Satisfaction of the Town, he being a Gentleman of an unblemiſhed Character, and well affected to the preſent moſt happy Eſtabliſhment.

The ſame Day Henry Bromley, Eſq; Knight of the Shire for the County of Cambridge, and about Twenty other worthy Gentlemen in that Neighbourhood, were admitted to their Freedom of that Corporation, having been ſeverally preſented to it by the Right Worſhipful the Mayor and Court of Aldermen ſome time ſince.

Laſt Monday died at the Bath, Sir Edmund Bacon, Bart. Member of Parliament for Thetford in Norfolk.

A few Days ſince died in France, William Curzon, Eſq; Member of Parliament for Clithero in Lancaſhire.

Yeſterday his Excellency the Chevalier de Oſſorio, Envoy Extraordinary from the Court of Sardinia, gave a very grand Entertainment, at his Houſe in Albemarle-ſtreet, to ſeveral of the Prime Nobility and foreign Miniſters, on account of its being the Birth-day of Elizabeth of Lorain Queen of Sardinia.

Laſt Sunday Morning died at his Houſe at Batterſea, Capt John Watſon of the Guards.

His Grace the Duke of Ancaſter has been pleaſed to preſent the Rev. Mr. Owen, to the Rectory of Thedilthorp St. Hellen, with Mablethorpe St. Peter, in the County and Dioceſe of Lincoln, void by the Death of the laſt Incumbent.

Yeſterday Morning died at his Lodgings at Knightsbridge, Thomas Stapylton, Eſq; Captain Lieutenant in the King's own Regiment of Horſe.

Laſt Tueſday Thomas Wynn, Eſq; a near Relation to the Right Reverend Dr. Wynn, Lord Biſhop of Bath and Wells, was married at Old-ſtreet Church to Mrs. Walters, Relict of Thomas Walters of Stepney, Eſq;

Yeſterday her Grace the Dutcheſs of Bridgewater, and the Right Honourable the Earl and Counteſs of Eſſex, came to Town from his Lordſhip's Seat at Caſhobury in the County of Hertford.

		Morning	Evening
High Water this Day at London Bridge.	}	04 05	04 31

Bank Stock 144 1-half. India 171 1-half. South Sea 103 Old Annuity 112 5-8ths. New ditto 110 3-4ths to 7-8ths. Three per Cent. 105. Seven per Cent. Loan 108. Five per Cent. ditto 9: 3-4ths. Royal Aſſurance 108 3-4ths. London Aſſurance 14 7-8ths. African 14 India Bonds 61. 14 s. Prem. South Sea ditto 2 l. 12 s. Prem. Bank Circulation 17 s. 6 d. Prem. Salt Tallies 1-half to 2 1-half Premium. Engliſh Copper 3 l. 5 s. Welſh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 6 to 1-half per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 1 per Cent. Premium. Million Bank 122.

Pay-Office, September 21, 1738.

THESE are to give Notice, that the Widows of the Commiſſion and Warrant Officers of the Royal Navy, will be paid their Penſions and Bounty due to the 31ſt of Auguſt 1738, at the Pay-Office in Broad ſtreet, viz. The Captains, Lieutenants, and Maſters Widows, on Tueſday the 10th of October; the Boatſwains and Gunners Widows, on Wedneſday the 11th; and the Widows of the Carpenters, Purſers, Surgeons, and the reſt, on Thurſday the 12th, between the Hours of Ten and Two, and every Tueſday afterwards between the ſame Hours; and all the Widows who inhabit in London, or the Parts adjacent, are to take Notice, that the Penſion or Bounty will not be paid, unleſs they come themſelves in Perſon to receive it, or that their Attornies do bring a Certificate from the Miniſter or Church Wardens of the Pariſh they belong to, ſhewing the Cauſe of their Inability.

This Day is publiſhed,

THE POLITICAL STATE of Great Britain for the Month of SEPTEMBER, 1738.

Containing in particular,

1. The Ceremonial of an Informer's Funeral.
2. A remarkable Account of a new and certain Remedy for the Bite of a Viper.
3. A Latin and Engliſh Inſcription on the Obelisk in Redlion-ſquare.
4. Memoirs of Informers miſinformed, with an humble Propoſal for trying the Effects of ſalt Water, in reſpect to venemous Tongues as well as Teeth.
5. A Watchman robs a Houſe, and is paid for it.
6. A ſingular Inſtance of the Uſe of a Standing Army.
7. An Account of ſome late remarkable Proceedings againſt Papiſts.
8. Remarks on the Arts of Stockjobbers, in improving to their own Advantage, the preſent critical State of our Affairs.
9. An hiſtorical Account of the Sources of the Corruption of the preſent Age, with neceſſary Hints as to a Reformation.
10. Marriages, Deaths, &c.
11. Bill of Mortality.

Printed for T. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noſter-Row. Price 1 s. 6 d. Of whom may be had any of the former Months.

This Day is Publiſh'd,

(Price 3 s. 6 d.)

The NINETEENTH EDITION; *Corrected and Amended.*

To which is added,

A New INTRODUCTION to PSALMODY, in a very clear and eaſy METHOD, for the USE of YOUNG BEGINNERS.

THE Whole Book of PSALMS: Collected into Engliſh Metre, by THOMAS STERNHOLD, JOHN HOPKINS, &c. With the uſual HYMNS and Spiritual SONGS: Together with all the Ancient and Proper TUNES ſung in *Churches*, with ſome of *Later Uſe*. Compos'd in Three Parts, and ſet to Muſick on the New-ty'd Note. In a more Plain and Uſeful Method than hath been formerly publiſhed.

By JOHN PLAYFORD.

God is King of all the Earth, ſing ye Praiſes with Underſtanding. Pſalm xlvii. 7.

Speaking to yourſelves in Pſalms and Hymns, and Spiritual Songs, ſinging and making Melody in your Hearts unto the Lord. Epheſ. v. 19.

Printed for Richard Ware, at the Bible and Sun in Amen Corner.

Where likewiſe may be had,

A Supplement to the New Verſion of Pſalms, by Dr. Brady, and Mr. Tate; with the Addition of plain Inſtructions for thoſe who are deſirous to learn or improve themſelves in Pſalmody.

N. B. *Either of the above Books may be had bound up with Common-Prayers of the 8vo Size; and the Supplements are printed to bind up with the Common-Prayers of all Sizes.*

This Day is Publiſhed,

The Sixth Edition, *with* material *Additions, Alterations and Amendments, of*

A Treatiſe of the Diſeaſes of the Brain, and Nerves, more eſpecially of the Palſy, Lethargy, Epilepſy, Convulſions, Cramps, Vertigo, Megrim, inveterate Head-ach, &c. with for their thorough Cure, and how theſe and many other Nervous Diſtempers may be aſſuredly prevented as certainly cur'd, and conſequently many Lives ſaved. Medicines therein, in Engliſh, preſcribed, without Reſerve.

To which is ſubjoined,

A Diſcourſe of MELANCHOLY in Men, and Vapours in Women; explicating the whole Train of Symptoms, Degrees, and real Cauſe of thoſe wretched Maladies; diſcovering a ſhort and moſt certain Method of Cure, and eaſy Remedies therein alſo candidly preſcribed, by which Perſons of either Sex, who are unhappily afflicted with Melancholy or Vapours, may abſolutely cure themſelves of thoſe pernicious Diſtempers in a ſhort time, without Fatigue or Diſorder. By a Phyſician.

London, printed and ſold by the Author's Appointment only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Posts in Bell Yard in the Minories. Price bound 2 s.

CONSUMPTIONS *of all Sorts,* ASTHMA's, *and all Diſorders of the* Breaſt *and* Lungs, *Directly and infallibly cured by the* CHYMICAL ELIXIR,

WHICH has reſtored ſo many Thouſands labouring under the deepeſt Conſumption, moſt deplorable Aſthma's to perfect Health and Soundneſs in few Days Time, after all other the moſt celebrated Remedies and Medicines had been try'd in vain.

It at once ſtrikes at, and abſolutely eradicates the Principle or Cauſe of Conſumptions, whether of the Lungs or any other Kind, as alſo of Aſthma's, or Shortneſs of Breath; reduces the vicious Ferment of the Blood and Juices, ſoftens the acrid Salts which erode the Lungs, frees them from obſtructing Viſcoſities, and does more real Good in one Day than any other Medicine whatever can in ten.

It aſſuredly retrieves the Patient, tho' reduced to a Skeleton; and immediately cures the moſt violent and almoſt ſuffocating Coughs, Hoarſeneſs, Wheezing, Shortneſs of Breath, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain, or Weakneſs in the Breaſt, Spitting of Blood, Soreneſs of the Stomach, Throat or Windpipe: Alſo Catarrhs, or Defluxions of Rheum, and all Ptiſical and Aſthmatick Effects, Hectick Fevers, diſturbing Night Sweats, and Diarrhœa's, or Looſeneſſes, in a pleaſant and moſt agreeable Manner.

It is balſamick, healing and ſtrengthening to the whole Conſtitution, reſtores in all inward Waſtings, Weakneſs or Decays of Conſtitution whatever, perfectly cures Ulcers in the Lungs or in any other internal Part, cauſes free and eaſy Reſpiration or long Breathing, and ſpeedily and infallibly cures ASTHMA's, and all Sorts of CONSUMPTIONS, how ever ſo bad, without the leaſt Diſorder, Trouble or Confinement, and is indeed the only true Remedy that can be depended upon for the entire Cure of thoſe Maladies.

Nor can the whole *Materia Medica* afford a more certain Cure for common Coughs and Colds; nor the Character this moſt noble Chymical ELIXIR has gain'd, for the direct and infallible Cure of Coughs and ASTHMA's, &c has occaſioned many Attempts to counterfeit it; be careful therefore to have the Right, which can be had only at Mr. RADFORD's Toyſhop, at the Sign of the Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, 2 s. 6 d. a Bottle with Directions, and at no other Place in England.

For the PALSY,

An infallible and ſpeedy Cure, by a Medicine, being a moſt pleaſant Chymical Tincture, to be taken in Drops,

WHICH gives inſtant Relief in Paralytick or Nervous Indiſpoſitions, proceeding from what Cauſe ſoever; and alſo in all Weakneſſes, or Debility of Nature, whether from Old Age, or occaſioned by exceſſive Uſe, neſs of Body, or any Irregularities of Living, as Drinking, &c. whereby Nature is ſorely weakened, and often in a Manner quite ſpoiled.

This infallible Chymical Tincture is endued with ſuch ſpecifick Qualities, that it inſtantly enters the Nervous Syſtem, the principal Seat of all Complaints of a Paralytick Kind, reſtores natural Heat and Strength to a Degree conſiſtent with a State of Health; and in a very little time perfectly cures the Paralytick Weakneſſes of the longeſt ſtanding; and the ſevereſt or worſt Effects of it either on old or young, ſhaking or trembling of the Limbs, Numbneſs, or Weakneſs on any Part of the Body; as has been happily experienced by great Numbers of both Sexes, and all Ages, ſince its Publication.

As for any Weakneſſes or Decays of Nature, from whatever otherwiſe, this Tincture has not its Equal; it is ſo ſafe in Operation, as not to give the leaſt Diſturbance to the Patient, but in its Effects ſo ſtrong and prevalent, that all Decays or Weakneſſes of Nature, whether Paralytick, Convulſive, or any other Indiſpoſitions attending the Head and Nerves, are inſtantly relieved, and daily mended; ſo as in a ſhort Time a perfect Cure is accompliſhed.

It is exceeding pleaſant to take, ſafe in Operation, perfectly agreeable to the Stomach and Palate, gives a good Digeſtion, cauſes a good Appetite, revives and ſtrengthens the whole Human Frame, and is ſo ſafe and regular in all Paralytick, Convulſive, and other Nervous Indiſpoſitions, that nothing in the World was ever yet known near it.

It is ſold by ſpecial Order of the Author, at Mr. Markham's Toyſhop, the Seven Stars under St. Dunſtan's Church in Fleet-ſtreet, for 3 s. 6 d. each Bottle.

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